



U.S. Department  
of Transportation

**Federal Aviation  
Administration**

Aviation Safety

800 Independence Ave  
Washington, DC 20591

October 21, 2021

Exemption No. 18484A  
Regulatory Docket No. FAA-2019-0888

Mr. Michael H. LaMee  
Director of Operation  
Med-Trans Corporation  
2200 Westcourt Road  
Denton, TX 76207

Dear Mr. LaMee:

This letter is to inform you that the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) has granted your petition to extend Exemption No. 18484. This letter transmits the FAA's decision, explains the FAA's basis, and provides the conditions and limitations of the exemption, including the date the exemption ends.

### **The Basis for the FAA's Decision**

By letter dated August 17, 2021, you petitioned the FAA on behalf of Med-Trans Corporation (Med-Trans) for an extension of Exemption No. 18484. That exemption from §§ 135.605 and 135.607 of Title 14, Code of Federal Regulations (14 CFR) allows Med-Trans to conduct Helicopter Air Ambulance (HAA) operations with temporarily inoperative Helicopter Terrain Awareness and Warning Systems (HTAWS) and Flight Data Monitoring Systems (FDMS).

In your petition, you indicate that there has been no change in the conditions and reasons relative to public interest and safety that were the basis for granting the original exemption.

### **The FAA's Decision**

The FAA has determined that good cause exists for not publishing a summary of the petition in the *Federal Register*. The FAA has determined that good cause exists because the requested extension of the exemption would not set a precedent and any delay in acting on this petition would be detrimental to Med-Trans.

The FAA has determined that the justification for the issuance of Exemption No. 18484 remains valid with respect to this exemption and is in the public interest. Therefore, under the authority provided by 49 U.S.C. §§ 106(f), 40113, 44701, and 44807, which the FAA Administrator has delegated to me, I hereby grant Med-Trans Corporation an exemption from 14 CFR §§ 135.605 and 135.607 to the extent necessary to allow for Med-Trans to conduct Helicopter Air Ambulance (HAA) operations with temporarily inoperative Helicopter Terrain Awareness and

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Warning Systems (HTAWS) and Flight Data Monitoring Systems (FDMS), subject to the following conditions and limitations.

### **Conditions and Limitations**

1. Prior to conducting any operation with an inoperable HTAWS or FDMS equipment, Med-Trans must develop and incorporate into its required manual(s) all necessary procedures for reporting, recording, and deferring inoperative HTAWS and FDMS equipment, including, but not limited to:
  - a) The day the discrepancy was discovered.
  - b) The procedures to be followed by the flight crew and maintenance personnel to determine that inoperative HTAWS or FDMS reported for previous flights have been corrected or that correction has been deferred.
  - c) Procedures for clearing any discrepancies once the equipment is returned to an operable condition.
2. Flight crew and maintenance personnel must be trained on the applicability and use of this exemption. Med-Trans must maintain record(s) indicating the completion of such training and must make such records available to the FAA for inspection upon request.
3. The Helicopter Terrain Avoidance Warning System (HTAWS) may be inoperative only when the operation fulfills all of the following conditions:
  - a) Med-Trans establishes and uses alternate procedures to address the absence of the operative HTAWS.
  - b) No night off-airport landings or landings at unimproved areas occur.
  - c) For visual flight rules (VFR) flights at night:
    - i. the radio altimeter must be operative; and
    - ii. the minimum weather requirements for the entire route of flight are a ceiling of at least 1,500 feet and a flight visibility of at least 5 miles.
  - d) The HTAWS is deactivated and placarded.
  - e) The malfunction is recorded in the aircraft maintenance record/logbook on the day it occurs and any necessary repairs to make the HTAWS operative are completed within ten (10) calendar days of the date of the malfunction.

- f) The Minimum Equipment List (MEL) for each aircraft Med-Trans operates in accordance with this exemption notes the existence of this exemption. The reference to the exemption must be removed from the MEL when this exemption is no longer in effect.
4. The Flight Data Monitoring System (FDMS) may be inoperative only when the operation fulfills the following conditions:
- a) The malfunction is recorded in the aircraft maintenance record/logbook on the day it occurs and any necessary repairs to make the FDMS operative are completed within twenty (20) calendar days of the date of the malfunction.
  - b) The FDMS is deactivated and placarded.
  - c) The MEL for each aircraft Med-Trans operates in accordance with this exemption notes the existence of this exemption. The reference to the exemption must be removed from the MEL when this exemption is no longer in effect.

Failure to comply with any of the above conditions and limitations may result in the immediate suspension or rescission of this exemption.

#### **The Effect of the FAA's Decision**

The FAA's decision amends Exemption No.18484 to 18484A and extends the termination date to February 28, 2024, unless sooner superseded or rescinded.

To request an extension or amendment to this exemption, please submit your request by using the Regulatory Docket No. FAA-2019-0888 (<http://www.regulations.gov>). In addition, you should submit your request for extension or amendment no later than 120 days prior to the expiration listed above, or the date you need the amendment, respectively.

Any extension or amendment request must meet the requirements of 14 CFR § 11.81.

Sincerely,

/s/

Robert C. Carty  
Deputy Executive Director, Flight Standards Service